news release



minister for planning minister for housing

13 October 1994

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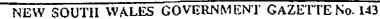
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telephone 368 2666 facsimile 368 2688



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SUMMARY

This report summarises the main fundings and recommendations of a comprehensive review of State Environmental Planning Policy 15 which was enacted in 1988 to make provision for Multiple Occupancy development on rural land in NSW

The Review was prepared for the NSW Department of Planning by Purdon Associates and Christopher Murray & Associates, and submitted in June 1994. Since completing the main Review, the Department of Planning has sought further, advice regarding simplementation of the recommended policy action. The advice on this extended Brief has been included in this summary report.

The main purpose of the Review was to consider the effectiveness of SEPP 15 and its ongoing need at a State level (Attachment A). The Review also formed part of the Department's ongoing policy evaluation procedures.

Multiple Occupancy (MO) is commonly understood to be a type of rural development whereby a group of people, who are not necessarily related, combine their resources to collectively biry and operate a single rural property. MOs are part of a continuum of rural housing, which includes more traditional rural developments such as rural workers dwellings, dual occupancies, hobby fairns and rural residential housing.

SEPP 15 was introduced in response to demand for opportunities for community living in tural areas that had emerged in the 1970s and early 1980s. The policy has applied to most non-metropolitan Councils throughout NSW since 1988 and built upon earlier government guidelines (Planning & Environment Commission (PEC) Circular 35 on 7 November 1979).

Whilst many MOs are thought to have received planning approval under either SEPP 15 or the local planning instrument, a number of MOs still exist without formal approval of the Local Council, or contain unapproved structures.

The majority of MOs (81%) are concentrated in the north-eastern corner of NSW. Evidence suggests there could be a total of about 200 MO sites accommodating up to 7000 residents in NSW. This represents only a very small percentage of total properties or resident population throughout the state.

Recent years have seen a substantial decline in both the number of new MO applications and development approvals, with only a handful of each being dealt with over the last few years by all Councils throughout NSW. There is no evidence to suggest that this demand is likely to increase. The very low level of demand for MO developments reinforces the conclusion that MO development is essentially of local rather than State significance.

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Many issues relating to MO development have always been the responsibility of Local councils rather than SEPP15. These include administration of S.94 contributions; development approvals, rating, compliance with conditions of consent and illegal MOs and dwellings. A decision to revoke SEPP15 would not affect these responsibilities of local Councils. Allowing Councils to have full responsibility for MO development, as with other forms of rural settlement would given councils more effective control over implementation of the Policy.

The main conclusions from the Review are as follows:

- there is a small but ongoing demand for MO development, and the incidence of MOs across the State represent only a very small percentage of fural accommodation;
- there is no longer a need for the State Government to operate a state-wide policy to control this form of development.

 Laser of Coursel but facilities.
 - MOS should be treated in a similar manner to other forms of rural development in terms of planning assessment, environmental management, rating and \$.94 Development Contributions.
- a number of changes to existing SEPP 15 guidelines would be warranted if this policy was to be retained, such as feite debut,
- Local Government is well placed to manage development applications for future MOs under amended provisions of their own Local Environmental Plans if this is seen as a relevant local priority, and
 - removal of SEPP 15 is not seen as having any adverse effect on existing MO communities, but would require Local Councils to amend existing LEP's to accommodate new applications for MOs.

After consideration of several policy options, it is recommended that SEPP 15 be rescinded at an early date, and that the State Government assist the transfer of responsibility for MOs to Local Councils by facilitating amendments to LEP's for the inclusion of MO type developments.

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& OFFICIAL NOTICES

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REPEAL OF SEPP-15 NOTES ON DISCUSSION WITH TREVOR PRIOR & JIM CLARK. (DOP Grafton) 17.10.94

As at 17.10.94 Trevor Prior (TP) had not seen the Minister's News Release of 13.10.94.

He understands that the decision to repeal the Policy was made on the basis that:-

- it is only attracting eleven MO DA's per year.
- it is considered that it is not serving a statewide need.
- it is now be a matter that should be handled by Local and Government.

PH: "What does the Minister mean when he says he will 'move for its repeal'"?

It means that the repeal will become effective at 31 Jan 1994, but that in the meantime notification is given that applications may be lodged under SEPP-15 until 30 Nov 1994.

PH: "Does a "new policy" mean a new SEPP"?

"Yes. The reason for this is that the only way a State Policy can be removed, is by way of another State Policy.

The new State Policy will merely repeal the existing Policy and put in place appropriate "transitional provisions". (ie there is no way a State Policy can be revoked, other than by following this procedure).

The new Policy requires the signature of the Governor and then must be Gazetted. It becomes effective as of the date of Gazettel.

"What is the shortest time for this process to be completed"? PH:

TP: "It could be completed within one week".

PH: "In introducing a new SEPP, is it required that this be placed on public exhibition"?

TP: "No".

"Is it the practice to do so notwithstanding that it is not compulsory"?

TP: "I do not know. This is probably the first repeal of this type".

A SEPP may be issued at the discretion of the Minister and the Director.

Normally when a SEPP is being developed or changed it has been the practice that consultation (with those affected) takes place.

In this case because Purdon consultants had been engaged and made a Report, the decision has been made that no further consultation will occur."

PH: "Is this saying that even in creating a new SEPP (to repeal an existing SEPP) that there need be no consultation"?

TP: "Yes, the discretion lies with the Minister".

s.38 & 39 says:-

"The Minister shall take such steps IF ANY, as he considers appropriate or necessary, to publicise a draft SEPP and consider submissions" (My emphasis).

PH: "As the Act provides in its Objectives:-

"to provide increased opportunity for public involvement and participation in environmental planning and assessment".

it would seem reasonable to me, that the Minister takes this into consideration, especially in the circumstances of our situation".

TP: "I am sure he has".

PH: "I am sure he has too, and in coming to his decision he has come up with a different decision than that which we would prefer!".

PH: "The News Release states:-

"if councils have not prepared their own provisions by (31 January 1995), applications will be assessed using the matters outlined in s.90 of the Act".

TP: "What this is saying is that SEPP-15 ceases as from 31 January 1995. If a council has not made provisions for MO (under their LEP) by this date, they can up to this date assess an MO DA under s.90".

PH: "Where an LEP zoning description makes no provision for multiple development it would therefore appear not possible to consider an MO DA"?

TP: "I am certain this is what the New Release is saying as obviously a council can not assess an MO DA under s.90 unless it is permitted in the zone."

COMMENT: To my knowledge Byron Council is the only Council in the State with MO provisions in their LEP.

The introduction of an amendment to an LEP is normally a lengthy process as in part it usually require the preparation of a Local Environmental Study (LES).

This requires public exhibition as does the draft LEP! How this is expected to be achieved by 31 Jan.1995, particularly in view of the Christmas holidays, is unclear!"

If it is the case that no council besides Byron, has zoning provisions in their LEP permitting MO, and LEP's cannot be introduced by 31 January 1995, then no DA for a new MO or expansion of an existing MO, can be made unless and until the local council amends their LEP.

In the light of this I can see no situation in which consideration under s.90 could arise!

Jim Clark (JC): "I understand that the recommendation of the Executive was to 'do nothing', (ie make no change to the existing Policy).

He does not know what the reference in the Executive Report to "further information" (ie further to the Purdon Report) is referring to.

PH: "What is the status of the amendments to the Regional Environmental Plan (REP)"?

COMMENT: Clause 22 in the North Coast REP currently says:-

"Draft local environmental plans shall incorporate provisions to enable development in the form of multiple occupancy."

This REP was in place before SEPP-15 was Gazetted.

Earlier this year the DOP decided to "clean up " the REP and the deletion of Clause 22 was proposed as it was held to be superfluous as overridden by the introduction of SEPP-15.

JC: "The amended REP has not yet been Gazetted and is presently before the Parliamentary Draftsman for checking.

It could be Gazetted any day and is desired by the Regional Office to be so Gazetted by the end of November at the latest".

Pan Com has already sent letters to the Minister and the Regional Manager seeking that they leave Clause 22 in the REP.

JC: "The original understanding of the Grafton Branch was that any amendments to the Policy would go on public exhibition for comment.

Any MO applications lodged after 30 November or 1 February, must be considered in terms of the planning controls as they apply at the date of the application.

Any MO appeal lodged in the Court but not determined before 31 January 1995 will have had it"!

COMMENT: Pan Com is submitting to the Minister that the "transitional provisions" provide that any MO appeal lodged prior to 30 November 1994, be dealt with by the Court under SEPP-15 regardless of how long it takes the Court to make a decision.

Peter Hamilton 20.10.94

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news release



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13 October 1994

CHANGES TO MULTIPLE OCCUPANCY PLANNING

Following an independent review of the State policy on multiple occupancy of rural land, Minister for Planning and Minister for Housing, Robert Webster, today announced he would move for its repeal.

In future, local councils will need to prepare provisions in their local plans for the assessment of multiple occupancy applications.

Mr Webster said the use of the policy (State Environmental Planning Policy No. 15 - Multiple Occupancy of Rural Land) had declined since its inception in 1988, to the point where it no longer had a statewide application.

He said the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 specifies that State policies can only apply to matters of State significance.

"The review, undertaken by Purdon Associates, found that about 80 per cent of multiple occupancies are located on the North Coast," Mr Webster said.

"It is clear that in terms of the extent and range of its use the policy is not now serving a State need."

The Minister said he would seek to make a new policy which would introduce transitional provisions, enabling applications to be lodged with councils under SEPP 15 until 30 November 1994.

"The new SEPP would mean that councils may assess multiple occupancy applications, using the provisions of SEPP 15, until 31 January 1995," Mr Webster said.

"If councils have not prepared their own provisions by then, applications will be assessed using the matters outlined in section 90 of the Act," Mr Webster said.

The Minister said that the review of SEPP 15 concluded that its removal would not have any adverse effect on existing multiple occupancy communities, but that it would require local councils to amend existing LEPs to accommodate new applications for multiple occupancies.

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SUMMARY

This report summarises the main findings and recommendations of a comprehensive review of State Environmental Planning Policy 15 which was enacted in 1988 to make provision for Multiple Occupancy development on rural land in NSW

The Review was prepared for the NSW Department of Planning by Purdon Associates and Christopher Murray & Associates and submitted in June 1994 Since completing the main Review, the Department of Planning has sought further advice regarding implementation of the recommended policy action. The advice on this extended Brief has been included in this summary report.

The main purpose of the Review was to consider the effectiveness of SEPP 15 and its ongoing next at a State level (Attachment A). The Review also formed part of the Department's ongoing policy evaluation procedures.

Multiple: Occupancy (MO) is commonly understood to be a type of rural development whereby a group of people, who are not necessarily related, combine their resources to collectively buy and operate a single rural property MOS are part of a continuum of rural housing, which includes more traditional rural developments such as rural workers dwellings, dual occupancies, hobby farms and rural residential housing.

SEPP 15 was introduced in response to demand for opportunities for community living in rural areas that had emerged in the 1970s and early 1980s. The policy has applied to most non-metropolitan Councils throughout NSW since 1988 and built upon earlier government guidelines (Planning & Environment Commission (PEC) Circular 35 on 7 November 1979).

Whilst many MOs are thought to have received planning approval under either SEPP 15 or the local planning instrument, a number of MOs still exist without formal approval of the Local Council, or contain mapproved structures.

The majority of MOs (81%) are concentrated in the north-eastern corner of NSW. Evidence suggests there could be a total of about 200 MO sites accommodating up to 7000 residents in NSW. This represents only a very small percentage of total properties or resident population throughout the state.

Recent years have seen a substantial decline in both the number of new MO applications and development approvals, with only a handful of each being dealt with over the last few years by all Councils throughout NSW. There is no evidence to suggest that this demand is likely to increase. The very low level of demand for MO developments reinforces the conclusion that MO development is essentially of local rather than State significance.



Many issues relating to MO development have always been the responsibility of Local councils rather than SEPP15. These include administration of \$.94 contributions; development approvals, rating, compliance with conditions of consent and illegal MOs and dwellings. A decision to revoke SEPP15 would not affect these responsibilities of local Councils. Allowing Councils to have full responsibility for MO development, as with other forms of rural settlement, would given councils more effective control over implementation of the Policy.

The main conclusions from the Review are as follows

- there is a small but ongoing demand for MO development, and the incidence of MOs across the State represent only a very small percentage of rural accommodation;
- there is no longer a need for the State Government to operate a state wide policy to control this form of development:
- MOs should be treated in a similar manner to other forms of rural development in terms of planning assessment, environmental management, rating and \$.94 Development Contributions;
- a number of changes to existing SEPP 15 guidelines would be warranted if this policy was to be retained;
 - Local Government is well placed to manage development applications for future MOs under amended provisions of their own Local Environmental Plans if this is seen as a relevant local priority, and
- removal of SEPP 15 is not seen as having any adverse effect on existing MO communities, but would require Local Councils to amend existing LEP's to accommodate new applications for MOs.

After consideration of several policy options, it is recommended that SEPP 15 be rescinded at an early date, and that the State Government assist the transfer of responsibility for MOs to Local Councils by facilitating amendments to LEP's for the inclusion of MO type developments.

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13 October 1994

CHANGES TO MULTIPLE OCCUPANCY P

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After consideration of several policy options, it is recommended that SFPP 15 be rescinded at an early date, and that the State Government assure the transition responsibility for MOs to Local Councils by significant and the transition of the property of the inclusion of MO type developments.

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